1946

Clemson Football Media Guide - 1946

Clemson University

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Clemson Tigers

Schedule

Sept. 21 - Presbyterian College at Clemson
Sept. 29 - Georgia at Athens (Night)
Oct. 5 - N.C. State at Clemson
Oct. 12 - Wake Forest at Wake Forest
Oct. 24 - South Carolina at Columbia
Nov. 2 - Virginia Tech at Blacksburg
Nov. 9 - Tulane at New Orleans
Nov. 16 - Furman at Clemson (Homecoming)
Nov. 23 - Auburn at Montgomery

Joe Sherman - Director
Clemson News Bureau
Clemson, S.C. Car.

1946
1946 CLEMSON AT A

FOOTBALL GLANCE

1946 SCHEDULE

Sept. 21. Presbyterian College at Clemson
Sept. 27. University of Georgia at Athens (N)
Oct. 5. N. C. State at Clemson
Oct. 12. Wake Forest at Wake Forest
Oct. 24. South Carolina at Columbia
Nov. 2. Virginia Tech at Blacksburg
Nov. 9. Tulane at New Orleans
Nov. 16. Furman University at Clemson
Nov. 23. Auburn at Montgomery

COACHING STAFF

Head Coach: Frank Howard, Alabama 1931
Backfield Coach: Covington McMillen, Clemson 30
End Coach: Bob Jones, Clemson 1950
Line Coach: Walter Cox, Clemson 1939
Backfield Asst.: Banks McPadden, Clemson 1940
Assistant Coach: A. W. Norman, Roneske 1915
Assistant Coach: Randy Hinson, Clemson 1936

(Coach Frank Howard came to Clemson for the 1931 season as assistant to Coach Jess Neely)

1945 RESULTS

Clemson 76 Presbyterian 0
Clemson 0 Georgia 20
Clemson 13 N. C. State 0
Clemson 6 Wake Forest 13
Clemson 0 S. Carolina 0
Clemson 36 Va. Tech 0
Clemson 47 Tulane 20
Clemson 7 Pensacola 6
Clemson 6 Miami (Fla) 7
Clemson 21 Ga. Tech 7

211 53
WON 6 LOST 3 TIED 1

Coach Frank Howard's 6 Year Clemson Record

WON LOST TIED
28 24 3

Clemson points Opp. points
995 719

ALL-TIME CLEMSON RECORD AGAINST TEAMS ON 1946 SCHEDULE

Against, Presbyterian

Played Won Lost Tied Points OP

Against, Georgia

27 20 3 4 580 99

Against, N. C. State

26 8 16 2 274 47

Against, Wake Forest

22 16 5 1 268 116

Against, S. Carolina

12 7 5 0 184 106

Against, Virginia Tech

12 5 2 1 71 331

Against, Tulane

27 6 2 1 471 235

Against, Furman

27 17 10 4 102 470

Against, Auburn

10 72 15 2,832 1,970

STARS OF FORMER YEARS WHO WILL BE WITH THE TIGERS IN 1946

Center Ralph Jenkins-----1944 and 1945 All-Southern Conference 1945 Third Team All-America (Associated Press)
Tackle Bob Turner------1945 All-Southern Conference
Halfback Billy Poe-----Clemson's leading ground gainer, '44 and '45 Seasons.
Tackle Bill Smith-----Outstanding Pre-War letterman
End Chip Clark--------Pre-War letterman who also lettered in 1945
Guard Jim Sulis------Letterman in 1945
End Eddie Freeman------War-time Clemson end and letterman for '43-'44-'45.
NOTICE

THIS BROCHURE OF CLEMSON FOOTBALL FOR THE 1946 SEASON IS SO PREPARED THAT CERTAIN PAGES OF IT CAN BE EASILY REMOVED AND USED AS COPY.

THE GREEN PAGES WERE PLANNED AS PERMANENT PAGES OF THE BROCHURE, BUT THE YELLOW PAGES ARE PERFORATED ALONG THE LEFT-HAND EDGE AND MAY BE READILY TORN OUT.

THE SQUAD ROSTER INCLUDED IN THIS BOOK IS AS COMPLETE AS IT WAS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT AT PRESS TIME. NOT LATER THAN SEPTEMBER 15TH WE WILL PREPARE A REVISED ROSTER WHICH WILL BE DISTRIBUTED TO EVERYONE TO WHOM THIS BOOK IS SENT.

# # # # #

INCIDENTAL INFORMATION

Glossy surface photographs (8x10) and single column mats of Clemson players and coaches are available and will be supplied on request. Special stories about individuals of the squad or coaching staff are available upon request.

In order that we may have the Clemson Press Box perfectly arranged for home games, we will appreciate your advising this office as early as possible whenever you plan to cover a game here. An early request for working space and tickets in the stands forestalls the possibility of last-minute inconveniences. Rooming accommodations at Clemson are busting out at the seams. If you plan to spend a night here, advise us the moment you know it and we will do everything possible to see that you are taken care of. (But this is no ironclad guarantee.)

For additional information contact:

JOE SHERMAN, DIRECTOR
CLEMSON NEWS BUREAU
CLEMSON, S. C.

DAY PHONE 3071        NIGHT PHONE 5592
GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT CLEMSON

Clemson College, The Methodist College of South Carolina, is located at Clemson, S. C., in the northwestern corner of the state, 16 miles from Anderson, S. C., and 32 miles from Greenville, S. C., midway between Charlotte, N. C., and Atlanta, Georgia.

Clemson College was founded in 1889 and is named in honor of Thomas Green Clemson, the man whose bequest (approximately $60,000) made Clemson College possible. Mr. Clemson was the first U.S. Commissioner of Agriculture, and was U. S. Minister to Belgium. Mr. Clemson was also the son-in-law of John C. Calhoun, a great figure in Southern statesmanship and Vice President of the United States in the years 1825-1832. Restored and preserved in the center of the Clemson campus is the Fort Hill plantation home of John C. Calhoun, later Mr. Clemson's home.

ENROLLMENT

The college opened in 1893 with an enrollment of 446. Clemson is a non-seceded, All-ROTC land grant college. The college reached its peak enrollment in 1943 when 2,350 students were in college here. Wartime enrollment, including both regular ROTC students (pre-draft age) and Army trainees fluctuated between 500 and 2,000 students. The 1946 fall enrollment is expected to be 2,500 and some 1700 of these will be former service men.

Clemson has been a military (ROTC) institution since its beginning and until 1944 its students had always worn the regulation college uniform. During the years 1944 and 1945 all students at Clemson---ROTC and Army trainees---were the prescribed army uniform. More than 6,000 former Clemson students served in the armed forces during World War II and approximately 90 per cent of them were officers. A total of 365 former Clemson students are known to have lost their lives in the conflict.

DEGREES OFFERED

Clemson offers Bachelor of Science degrees in AGRICULTURE: agricultural economics and rural sociology, agricultural engineering, agronomy, animal husbandry, dairying, entomology, and horticulture. ENGINEERING: architecture, chemical engineering, civil engineering, mechanical engineering, and electrical engineering. TEXTILES: textile chemistry and dyeing, textile engineering, and weaving and designing. VOCATIONAL EDUCATION: agricultural education, education, industrial education, and textile education. ARTS AND SCIENCE: arts and science, pre-medicine, and physics. CHEMISTRY: chemistry, and the chemical courses named in connection with other departments.

PRESIDENT ROBERT FRANKLIN POOLE

Dr. Robert Franklin Poole became president of Clemson in 1940, succeeding the late Dr. Enoch Walter Sikes. Born in Laurens County, S. C., December 2, 1893, Dr. Poole graduated from Clemson in 1918, a Ph.D degree from Rutgers in 1921. He spent 17 months in France and Germany with the Aerial Photography Service during World War I. He was assistant plant pathologist at the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station from 1920 through 1926. Dr. Poole went to North Carolina State College in 1926 and remained there until he accepted the Clemson presidency in 1940.
Clemson started playing football in 1896, but the first printed reference to the "Clemson Tigers" is found in the 1902 yearbook: "Heisman's (the late John W. Heisman) Tigers roared over everything in their path.

SCHOOL COLORS
Clemson's colors are PURPLE and BURNT ORANGE, usually arranged with the orange on a purple background.

Clemson Memorial Stadium was completed in 1942. It is a two-sided concrete and steel structure with a seating capacity of 20,500. The Stadium's name: CLEMSON MEMORIAL STADIUM is in honor of the more than 6,000 Clemson men in the armed services during World War II. The press box, designed, built, and operated exclusively for the working press, radio, and photographers, is considered one of the finest appointed boxes in the country. Among its features: individual paper compartments, telephone service to both benches, photographers' darkroom, four radio booths, special covered section for motion picture photographers, a press cold drink stand. The working press is on the first floor, the radio on the second floor. There is a toilet on each floor.

Clemson started playing football in 1896 with a three-game schedule. The only undefeated, untied team in Clemson history was coached by the late John W. Heisman in 1900. The team scored 236 points against 10 points for six opponents. The 1900 team record:

| Clemson 49 | Alabama 0 | Clemson 12 | Va. Tech 5 |
| Clemson 39 | Georgia 5 | ***Clemson 21 | Wofford 0 |
| Clemson 51 | S. Carolina 0 | Clemson 64 | Davidson 0 |

Football legend at Clemson offers an interesting sidelight on the Clemson-Wofford game of 1900. The Clemson News Bureau does not vouch for the correctness of the legend, it merely reports "as we heard it": A very strong team, the Tigers had been running roughshod over all opposition. Wofford was not very strong and there was a move to have the game cancelled. Rather than cancel the game, Coach Heisman agreed that Clemson would score only 20 points. When the score reached 21 to 0 in Clemson's favor after a very few minutes had been played (the story goes), the Tigers turned the ball over to Wofford for the remainder of the game. We have seen the score of this game recorded: Clemson 21 plus, Wofford 0.

The only Clemson bowl team was the Jess Neely-coached Tigers of 1939. This team won eight games (Prostbyterian, N.C., State, S. Carolina, Wake Forest, Georgia Washington, Southwestern, Furman, and Navy) and lost one (Tulane, 6-7). On January 1, 1940, the Tigers defeated Boston College (6-3) in the Cotton Bowl game at Dallas, Texas.

The Tigers won their first, and only, clear title to the SOUTHERN CONFERENCE championship with Coach Frank Howard's first Clemson team in 1940. In 1939 Clemson was undefeated in Conference play and so was Duke University, thus the two teams shared the title that year.
CLEMSON FOOTBALL UNDER COACH FRANK HOWARD (1940-----)

Clemson football of the Frank Howard era may be divided into three parts:
(1) Power, (2) Wartime, and (3) Postwar.

At the time Coach Frank Howard succeeded Coach Jess Nealy at the end of the 1939 season, modern Clemson football had advanced to what many Clemson people consider its peak. In 1939 Clemson won eight of nine games and defeated Boston College (6-3) in the 1940 Cotton Bowl game.

Two seasons passed before service manpower calls disrupted the Tigers. And during these two years the Tigers were a pretty respected bunch of football players on any man's field. Their records are well above average.

Clemson is an all-ROTC college and most of her students were quickly called into the service. In the War Department's educational program, Clemson was an "Army" college and its service students were not permitted to participate in college athletics. So the Tigers played three years of pretty tough football with squads made up of pre-draft age youngsters. And the Tigers took it on chin---hard.

Actual postwar football does not start until this fall, but when the number of ex-service men who played 1945 college football is considered, last season might be termed the prelude to postwar football. Clemson, as other schools, had some of these veterans, and with their experience came better football. The Tigers began to get back in the winning groove.

Clemson started out under Coach Frank Howard in an offensive frame of mind. His first team (1940) ran its first play from scrimmage for a 35 yard touchdown. Howard pays considerable attention to the details of sound defensive play, but in the main you will find his boys shooting for touchdowns.

Here is a year-by-year record of Clemson-Howard football:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Won</th>
<th>Lost</th>
<th>Tied</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Opp. Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1940</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>995</td>
<td>719</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1941</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>719</td>
<td>1942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1942</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>1943</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1943</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>391</td>
<td>1945</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1944</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>391</td>
<td>1946</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1945</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>391</td>
<td>1947</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
FRANK HOWARD IN 16TH YEAR AT CLEMSON

Clemson, S.C. — Sixteen years ago Frank Howard stepped from a first string guard position on Alabama's 1930 Rose Bowl team into the line coach position with Clemson's Tigers, and nine years later (1940) he moved up to the top coaching spot at Tigertown.

Howard inherited Clemson's football reins when Coach Jess Neely moved to Rice Institute after nine years as the Tiger boss. Neely's last Clemson team defeated Boston College, 6 to 3, in the 1940 Cotton Bowl game.

Born at Barlow Bend, Alabama, on March 25, 1909, Howard spent his boyhood days dreaming of the day when he would become one of the University of Alabama's Red Elephants. As a Mobile high schooler, he was up before the chickens to put in four hours in a bakery before hiking to school for a day with his books and whatever sport happened to be in season.

Howard worked his way up the football ladder the hard way, and learned his trade thoroughly on route. Coach Wallace Wade once said he was too small for Alabama's brand of football, but in 1930, weighing 185 pounds, Howard became the "little giant" of the Red Elephants that tramped Washington State 24 to 0 in the 1931 Rose Bowl game.

A sound fundamentalist, his inheritance from four years as a player under Wallace Wade and nine years as an assistant coach under Jess Neely, Howard carefully examined football's latest offensive innovation, the T-formation, and decided to stick by the single wingback attack—with Howard modifications.

Howard's ready wit and direct approach to all problems make him the almost bald, always smiling Tiger mentor a favorite with his coaching colleagues, his players, and with writers who cover college athletics.

The Clemson coach probably has the distinction of being the nation's only head coach who seconded his own nomination for the post. Following Neely's resignation, the Clemson Athletic Council called Howard in to answer a few policy questions. That done, a council member spoke up: "I move that Frank Howard be appointed head coach."

"I second the motion," Howard said, without batting an eye. Wherupon he was awarded a five year contract.

And there, characteristically, you have the sun-packed Howard: the Howard who yells at practice loafers: "All right, if you want to kill time, let's work it to death." and who varies it with "Start moving, Smith, before you take root there," and the Howard who sent Frank, Jr., a plug of Pop's favorite tobacco before the youngster was three days old.

So positive is Howard that Junior will be a footballer that when former Clemson stars, as proud papas, assure him that they have a good fullback slated for Clemson before so many years, Howard answers: "I hope so, but I'm not banking on you too much. I have one of my own coming along."

Howard's best story on himself: One day he drove 300 miles to South Georgia to see a 210 pound tackle recommended by an enthusiastic Clemson alumnus.

"When I finally found his house," Howard says, "and knocked on the door, a frail, scrawny kid of about 125 pounds came to the door. I asked him if John Doe was home and he said 'Yes, I'm John Doe.'"

"I recovered as quickly as possible," Howard says, "and said, 'Son, I'm selling magazine subscriptions to help my boy through college. Would you be interested in a combination subscription to my three best sellers?' He said no and I got back in the car and drove 300 miles back to Clemson."

During his nine years as assistant coach, Howard also tutored the Clemson track team, but since his appointment to the post of athletic director and head football coach, he has limited actual coaching to football, with the exception of one war year as baseball mentor.

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--end--
Clemson Assistant Coaches

Bob Jones

End Coach

A standout Clemson football and basketball star of the years 1928-30 and generally considered one of the finest ends in Clemson history. Bob Jones joined the coaching staff here upon graduation in 1930. He coached Clemson's freshman footballers and varsity boxers until 1940, and then moved up to the varsity end coach job. Entering the Army in 1941, Jones spent 12 months in the thick of European fighting, won the Silver Star, Bronze Star, Purple Heart, and Combat Infantryman Badge. He held the rank of Lieutenant Colonel when discharged in 1946. Beginning with the 1946-47 season, Jones will be head mentor of Clemson's basketballers.

Covington (Gent)

McMillan

Backfield Coach

Another Clemson gridiron star of the 1928-30 era, "Gent" McMillan spent four coaching years at Friffin (Ga.) High School and three years at Furman University before joining the Clemson staff in 1937. Entering the Army in 1942, McMillan spent 6 months in the South Pacific, with occupational duty in Korea and Japan. He held the rank of Captain when discharged in 1946.

Walter Cox

Line Coach

A regular guard on Clemson's 1939 Cotton Bowl team, Walter Cox stepped out of a first string position with the Tigers into a job on the coaching staff. Called into the Army in 1942, Cox spent 12 months in the Figi Islands, New Caledonia, and Guadalcanal, and held the rank of First Lieutenant when medically discharged in 1943. Next winter he will coach the Clemson boxers.

Banks McFadden

Backfield Asst.

The only full-fledged All-America football player in Clemson history, Banks McFadden registered touchdown, field goals, and track points for the Tigers during the 1937-38-39-40 athletic seasons. His play in winter and fall of 1939 (same college year) placed him on the Associated Press All-America football team and on Coach Taylor's All-America basketball team. During the spring of 1940 (as a hurdler, broad jumper and relay runner) he averaged 21 points in dual track meets. McFadden spent the fall of 1940 playing professional football for the Brooklyn Dodgers, and stayed in character by leading the league in ground gaining. He entered the Army in 1942, spent 33 months overseas, and was a Major at the time of his discharge. In the winter and spring he assists with Clemson's basketballers and trackmen.

Rand Hinson

Assistant Coach

A Clemson backfield and baseball star of 1933-34-35-36, Hinson joined the coaching staff after graduation. He entered the Army in 1940, spent 36 months in Italy, and was a Major when discharged in 1945. This fall he will direct Clemson's "B" football squad. He is head coach of baseball, and last spring his diamond aces won the South Carolina collegiate championship and topped the Southern Conference percentages when the season ended.

A. W. (Rock) Norman

Assistant Coach

Considered one of the greatest and most versatile athletes in the history of Roanoke College, Rock Norman came to Clemson in 1940 as freshman football and varsity basketball and-track coach. He has recently been placed in charge of training the Tiger athletes and handling all athletic equipment. He will assist with Clemson's football "B" squad this fall and direct the Tiger endermen next spring.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>HOMETOWN</th>
<th>POS</th>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>HT</th>
<th>WT</th>
<th>College FB Letters&amp;Years</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Henry (Hank) Walker (V)</td>
<td>Griffin, Ga</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>6-0</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>3(1943-44-45)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eddis (Fireball) Freeman</td>
<td>Greenville</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>5-11</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>3(1943-44-45)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clyde (Horse) Holsetlaw (V)</td>
<td>Erwin, Tenn</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>5-1</td>
<td>185</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Melvin Smith (V)</td>
<td>Great Falls</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>6-1</td>
<td>205</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Walt Spearman (V)</td>
<td>Charlotte, N.C.</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>6-5</td>
<td>203</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Robert (Jake) Jacobs (V)</td>
<td>Cheraw</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>6-5</td>
<td>196</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Lewis (Lude) Deanhardt (V)</td>
<td>Belton</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>6-3</td>
<td>215</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Paul Gresham</td>
<td>Newport News, Va</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>6-2</td>
<td>185</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Neal Westmoreland</td>
<td>Winston Salem, N.C.</td>
<td>RE</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>6-0</td>
<td>170</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Walter (Chip) Clark (V)</td>
<td>Lexington, N.C.</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>6-3</td>
<td>175</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Clint Dyer</td>
<td>Charleston</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>5-11</td>
<td>165</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Gene Carson (V)</td>
<td>Spartanburg</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>6-1</td>
<td>171</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Avery Garrison (V)</td>
<td>Hartwell, Ga</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>6-1</td>
<td>165</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Billy DeLoach</td>
<td>Columbia</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>5-11</td>
<td>170</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Frank Green (V)</td>
<td>Griffin, Ga</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td>180</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Theron Cook</td>
<td>Sumter</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>6-2</td>
<td>160</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Wes Holcombe (V)</td>
<td>Greenville</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>6-1</td>
<td>165</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Richard Sublette</td>
<td>Westminister</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>6-0</td>
<td>157</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Decatur, Ga</td>
<td>LE</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>6-1</td>
<td>185</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bob Turner (V)</td>
<td>Mission, Tex</td>
<td>RT</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>6-0</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>1(1945)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Easley</td>
<td>RT</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>6-3</td>
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(CENTERS AND BACKS ON NEXT PAGE)
# 1946 Clemson Football Roster

**(Linemen on preceding page)**

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**BB-Blocking Back**

Henry Walker made football letters at
South Carolina (1943-45) and
U. of Virginia (1944-45)

**WB-Wingback**

Carey Cox lettered at U. of South Carolina (1943)

**FB-Fullback**

Dowey Quinn lettered at Newberry College (1943)

**TB-Tailback**

Bill Smith lettered at Clemson (1942) and at
Georgia Tech (1943)
THUMBNAIL SKETCHES OF LETTERMEN ON 1946 CLEMSON SQUAD

CENTER

RALPH JENKINS—THIS IS JENKINS' FOURTH YEAR WITH THE TIGERS. THE SIX FOOT, ONE INCH, 191 POUND NEWPORT, TENN., BOY CAPTAINED CLEMSON THROUGH TWO SEASONS (1944-45) AND WAS GAME CAPTAIN IN MOST '43 SCRAPPS. STEADY-GOING ON OFFENSE, BRILLIANT ON DEFENSE, JENKINS WAS ALL-SOUTHERN CONFERENCE CENTER IN 1944 AND 1945 AND WAS SELECTED ON THE AP ALL-AMERICA THIRD TEAM IN 1945. HE PLAYED A MAJOR ROLE IN HOLDING THE TIGERS TOGETHER DURING THE WAR YEARS AND NOW, WITH HUSKIER HELP ALL AROUND HIM, SHOULD BE ONE OF THE NATION'S STANDOUT LINEMEN THIS FALL. HE HAS WON THREE CLEMSON FOOTBALL LETTERS.

GUARDS

JIM SULTIS—A LITTLE ON THE STOCKY SIDE (FIVE FEET, 10 INCHES, 200 POUNDS), SULTIS STEPPED INTO A REGULAR CLEMSON GUARD POSITION LAST FALL AS A FRESHMAN. A RUGGED, DEPENDABLE FOOTBALLER, HE IS ONE OF THE SCHOLASTIC LEADERS OF HIS CLASS AND DURING HIS FIRST THREE SEMESTERS HERE AS A CIVIL ENGINEERING STUDENT HAS MADE 15 A'S, 2 B'S, AND ONE C. ORIGINALLY LISTED FROM MEMPHIS, SULTIS HAS CHANGED HIS ADDRESS TO CLEMSON. HIS WIFE SUPERVISES THE OPERATION OF THE COLLEGE HOTEL.

RAY CLANTON—A YOUNGSTER OF GREAT PROMISE, RAY CLANTON WON HIS LETTER WITH THE TIGERS OF 1945 AS A PRE-DRAFT-AGER. FAST AND POWERFUL, HE NEEDS ONLY EXPERIENCE TO FIT INTO THE SCHEME OF THINGS IN THE BIG CLEMSON LINE.

FRANCIS RICHARDSON—RICHARDSON WON FOOTBALL LETTERS AT CLEMSON FOR THE SEASONS OF 1943 AND 1944 BEFORE GOING INTO THE SERVICES. AT THAT TIME HE WAS ONE OF THE "SCRAPINGEST" LITTLE (163 POUNDS) GUARDS IN THIS SECTION.

TOM SALISBURY—ANOTHER WAR-TIME CLEMSON LETTERMAN (SEASONS OF 1943 AND 1944) WHO WITHDREW FROM COLLEGE FOR A HITCH IN THE SERVICE AND RETURNS TO THE SCENE THIS FALL. SALISBURY IS BIG ENOUGH (200 POUNDS) TO BE USEFUL IN THE TIGER FRONT LINE AND IS BEING COUNTED ON FOR CONSIDERABLE GUARD RELIEF WORK.

BILL HUNTER—IF ALL THAT WEIGHT BILL HUNTER GAINED WHILE IN THE ARMY STAYS WITH HIM AS A FOOTBALLER AND HAS IN NO WAY REDUCED HIS POWER, SPEED AND SCRAP, SOMEBODY IS GOING TO HAVE A ROUGH TIME KEEPING HIM FROM A REGULARPLAYING SPOT. A LETTERMAN IN 1942 AT 167 POUNDS, HUNTER RETURNS TO FOOTBALL AFTER A THREE-YEAR LAPSE WEIGHING 190.

CHICK GAINER—STILL ANOTHER YOUNGSTER WHO RETURNS FROM THE SERVICE WITH CONSIDERABLE MORE WEIGHT THAN WHEN HE FIRST WON A FOOTBALL LETTER WITH THE TIGERS. GAINER, AS A FIRST TEAM GUARD IN 1943, WEIGHED 183 POUNDS, BUT HE IS IN THE NEIGHBORHOOD OF 200 FOR THIS YEAR'S PLAY.

(Lettermen continued on next page)
TACKLES

BOB TURNER---As a Clemson freshman last year, Turner forced his powerful 230 pounds into a regular tackle spot and emerged at the end of the season on the UP All-Southern first team. A fast and hard-hitting linesman who knows the football ropes, Turner will be one of the Tiger mainstays during the 1946 season.

BILL SMITH---"Big Willie" Smith should be set for a year of outstanding football. He first made his Clemson football letter in 1942 and then, entering the Navy, played most of the 1943 season in Georgia Tech's line as a Naval V-12 student. Since '43 he has been with the Marines. The best pre-season estimates give him Clemson's first string left tackle position.

JACK ROSS---A letterman in 1942, Ross returns from the service at 205 pounds and may well move into a regular spot before the season is many weeks old. Solidly built, a powerful man, and fast enough to keep company with the best, Ross is expected to be much of the strength in a tough-to-puncture Clemson line.

WAYNE O'DELL---Of real pre-war vintage, Wayne O'Dell returns to the Tigers after four years. He was a reserve tackle on Clemson's colorful 1941 team and won his letter that season, seeing service in seven of nine games.

PHIL PRINCE---Tagged as one of the most promising freshman tackles in recent years at Clemson, Phil Prince battled his way around in the Tiger line of 1944 to become a letterman. He was in service during the '45 season, but he gets back in harness this year.

HARLEY PHILLIPS---Another war-time tackle returning after a stretch in the service, Phillips should prove helpful in a relief role this fall and, with experience, may move well up the ladder. He won letters in 1943 and 1944.

MAVIS CAGLE---A 1945 regular and letterman, Cagle will find the competition for a first string position much keener in '46, but this husky brother of John (Bull) Cagle (1941 regular) may make some of the bigger boys step pretty lively. And when the Tigers score, Cagle's educated toe will probably be sent into action. Last season he made good on 20 of 25 extra point attempts.

MILTON WIGGS---Another of the 1945 lettermen who will have to hustle aplenty for playing rights in '46. Big and strong at 200 pounds even, Wiggs will play an important relief role with the Tigers this fall.

BO SAUNDERS---A pre-war non-letterman, Saunders returned to Clemson for the 1945 season and took possession of a first string tackle position. Big (200 pounds), fast, and powerful, he will find the competition much tougher this fall, but he will in all probability be among those who see the most service in the Tiger line.

(Lettermen continued on next page)
CHIP CLARK—Clark has won two Clemson football letters, with two years in the Air Corps separating them. He was a first-string end in 1942 and returned to the Tigers last year to take over his old position. In '42 Clark snatched 13 passes for 124 yards and scored four touchdowns. Last fall he was on the receiving end of 5 passes for 92 yards and scored two six-pointers.

EDDIS FREEMAN—At 167 pounds, "Fireball" Freeman is going after his fourth Clemson football monogram this fall. A 4F during the war years, Freeman lettered in 1943-44-45. A scrappy from way back, Freeman has played a first-string Clemson end for three successive years, and in spite of his light weight, will very likely do it again this fall. Very fast and a glue-fingered pass receiver, over a three year period Freeman has caught 24 tosses for 493 yards, scored eight touchdowns, kicked three extra points, and gained 108 yards running on 12 plays.

CLINT DYER—Dyer won a Clemson football letter last fall as a reserve end and is being counted on for considerable service in the same capacity this year.

BILL SMARTT—Smartt played a year of reserve football at Clemson in 1944 and was among those winning letters. Needing experience, most of his play this year will probably again be in a reserve capacity.

BLOCKING BACKS

JOHN MOORER—A non-lettermen reserve in 1944, Moorer saw enough action last fall to be among the monogram winners.

OLIN CLEVELAND—-Cleveland returned to the Tigers last fall after a stretch in the Army and won his letter as a relief worker for center Ralph Jenkins. The plans are to shift him to blocking back this fall. Results? To be determined.

SPIVEY ROWELL—-A war-time lettermen (1944 season) returning for play with the Tigers, Rowell probably has much work to do before breaking back into the lineup. He was not here for spring practice.

(Lettermen continued on next page)

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FOOTBALLERS PLAY BASKETBALL

Five of Clemson's 1945 football lettermen also won their Tiger monograms in basketball: Chip Clark, Eddis Freeman, Dewey Quinn, June Pruitt and Jim Reynolds. Pruitt and Reynolds, forward, made the All-South Carolina basketball team selected by the Charlotte (N.C.) News.
WINGBACKS

**BILLY POE**—An ex-serviceman, Poe won his letter with the Tigers as regular wingback during the seasons of 1944 and 1945. Very fast, a deceptive runner, he led the Tiger ball carriers both seasons. For some reason his standout performances each year were in New Orleans. Last fall he ripped off three touchdowns against Tulane. In two years with the Tigers, Poe has gained 651 yards on 93 trips with the pigskin, an average of seven yards per run. He has received 8 passes for 170 yards and scored seven touchdowns.

**JUNE PRUITT**—An ex-serviceman, Pruitt won his football letter in 1945 as a Clemson freshman. (He also won letters in basketball and baseball.) With defensive play against both running and passing as a specialty, most of his outstanding play last year was in that capacity, and probably will be again this fall. A year ago he gained 73 yards on 15 running plays, received five passes for 85 yards, and scored two touchdowns.

**JIM WHITMORE**—If you'll pardon the wording "A running fool" is probably the best three-word description of Jim Whitmore, 1943 Clemson wingback who laid 'em in the aisles with several spectacular ball-carrying exhibitions. He's been in the service a couple of years and comes back with about 15 pounds more than his '43 playing weight. If the extra baggage does not subtract from his speed and elusiveness, defenses beware! In '43 he gained 422 yards on 72 runs (ave. slightly under six), caught four passes for 77 yards, and scored five touchdowns.

**BOBBY GAGE**—Bobby Gage is listed here among the wingbacks, but no guarantee goes with it. He may be one of the top tailbacks, the position he played last year as a freshman to become a letterman. Very fast, very shifty, an excellent punter and quick-kicker, and a passer who has definite possibilities, Gage will see a lot of service in some backfield capacity. During the '45 season he gained 214 yards on 14 running plays, completed 8 of 14 passes (one intercepted) for 171 yards, scored one touchdown, and averaged 37 yards on 21 kicks.

(Lettermen continued on next page)

**GRIDMEN IN OTHER SPORTS**

Football lettermen on Clemson's 1946 football squad who participate in other collegiate sports: Basketball: Clark, Freeman, Quinn, Pruitt, and Reynolds. Baseball: Quinn and Pruitt; Track: Poe and Freeman. Golf: Clark.

**FOUR GRID MONOGRAMS**

If end Eddis Freeman makes his Clemson football monogram for play in 1946, and the odds that he will are top-heavy, he will become the first known player in Clemson gridiron history to make four varsity letters in one sport. Classified 4F during the war years, Freeman won football letters here in 1943-44-45. If any other Clemson player has made four letters in one sport, the records don't show it.
DEWEY QUINN—A pre-war Newberry College footballer, Dewey Quinn played his first year of Clemson football last fall. A quick-starting, fast-moving, and elusive runner, he is being counted on for a lot of Clemson fullbacking this fall. Winning a letter in '45, he gained 392 yards on 89 running plays, caught one 17 yard pass, and scored four touchdowns.

JIM REYNOLDS—Showing much promise last fall as a first string freshman fullback, Reynolds has the qualities of an outstanding back. Fast, shifty, hard-hitting, and the possessor of "explosive" running qualities, the black-haired Pennsylvania boy may be one of the standout backs of the section. He led Clemson's scoring last fall with five touchdowns. On 60 cracks at the line he gained 270 yards, and caught two passes for 86 yards.

BILL B. ROGERS—Another war-time Clemson letterman (1943) who is returning to the Tigers this fall. Bill Rogers was a slightly-built but hard-hitting fullback three years ago and, with added weight, should be still better in '46. As the '43 regular fullback, he gained 317 yards on 110 running plays, scored one.

BILLY G. ROGERS—(Not to be confused with Bill Rogers, above) There was some confusion about Clemson's fullbacks in 1943 and 1944, and probably will be again this year. In 1943 Bill Rogers, of Dillonville, was the regular line buster, and in 1944 Billy Rogers, of Dillon, was in the spot. They are two different guys. Returning to Clemson after missing the '45 season because of armed service, Billy Rogers may make the '45 fullbacks—Reynolds and Quinn—hustle quite a bit more to hold their posts. In 1944 Billy Rogers carried the call 87 times to gain 333 yards (ave. 3.8), and led the scoring with six touchdowns and an extra point.

TAILBACKS

MONTY BYERS—Monty Byers played quite a bit of football for the Tigers in 1942, and was in the Army during the '43-44-45 seasons. A stocky, rugged runner-funter-passer, he will need to get back in the swing of things to oust the younger tailbacks who seem to be in line for the Clemson tailback spot this fall. As a '42 sophomore, Byers gained 109 yards on 43 running plays, completed four of 11 passes (none intercepted) for 76 yards, and averaged 35 yards on 17 punts.

JACK MILLER—A very promising war-time (1944) tailback letterman who was in service during the 1945 season, Jack Miller returns to Tigertown at his old-time playing weight of 165 pounds. A fast and elusive runner, Miller's passing and punting abilities are yet to be reaffirmed. In '44, when he lettered as a freshman, Miller (hampered somewhat by an injured foot) gained 225 yards on 38 running plays (ave. 5.9), completed six of 24 passes (one intercepted) for 67 yards, averaged 33 yards on five kicks, and kicked 14 extra points.

(End of 1946 lettermen)
CLEMSON, S.C.----The 1946 Clemson Tigers have six All-Somethings this year. Center Ralph Jenkins has been the All-Southern Conference center for two years running and made the AP All-America third team last year; Tackle Bob Turner made the UP All-Southern last fall; Ends Chip Clark and Eddie Freeman, tackle Mavis Cagle, and wingback Billy Poe made the '45 All-South Carolina team.

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VETERANS GALORE

CLEMSON, S.C.----The Clemson squad roster of approximately 100 footballers includes three score service veterans.

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CLEMSON LETTERMEN

CLEMSON, S.C.----Of the 35 lettermen on Clemson's squad this year, 21 won football letters prior to the 1945 season, but only three of these were genuine "pre-war" players. Eighteen were awarded letters for play in 1943 and 1944.

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17 CLEMSON MENTORS

CLEMSON, S.C.----Clemson's Tigers have had 17 different head football coaches in 50 years of football. Longest single reign was nine year stretch by Jess Neely, now at Rice. Present Head Coach Frank Howard is in his 16th year at Clemson, his sixth year as boss.

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TIGERS TOP OPPONENTS

CLEMSON, S.C.----Against the teams on Clemson's 1946 schedule, the Tigers have played 20 1/2 games in past years. Clemson has won 108, lost 72, tied 15, scored 2,832 points and given up 1,970 points.

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Tiger Staff Returns


Regulars Return

Clemson, S.C. — Eight of Clemson's 1945 regulars are back this fall: Ends Chip Clark and Eddis Freeman, tackles Bob Turner and Mavis Cagle, guard Jim Sultis, center Ralph Jenkins; fullback Jim Reynolds and wingback Billy Fosco.

Rough Schedule

Clemson, S.C. — In 1946 Clemson's Tigers play five Southern Conference teams (N.C. State, Wake Forest, S. Carolina, Virginia Tech, and Furman), three Southeastern Conference members (Georgia, Tulane, and Auburn) and Presbyterian College.

Thirteen States

Clemson, S.C. — Thirteen states are represented on the 1946 Clemson football squad: SC; NC; Ga; Fla; Ala; Tenn; Texas; Va; W.Va; Penna; Ky; N.J.; and New York.

General Wingback

Clemson, S.C. — General June Pruitt (that's his name, not his rank), Clemson wingback, spent four and a half years in the Army, over two of them overseas, and more than a year in European combat areas.
TOP CLINIC RETURNS

CLEMSON, S.C.——Billy Poe, fleet-footed Clemson wingback who has led the Tiger ball carriers for two years in a row, is back on deck this fall. In two years Poe has carried the ball 93 times for 651 yards, a seven-yard-per-run average, has caught eight passes for 170 yards, and scored seven touchdowns.

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TOUCHDOWN FACTORY

CLEMSON, S.C.——Fans who like touchdowns and plenty of 'em will do well to be in New Orleans when Clemson and Tulane tangle this year. Two years ago Tulane downed the Tigers 36 to 20, and last year Clemson was on top by a 47 to 20 score. The Tiger-Green Wave games have always been thrillers. Other scores, Clemson's score first, have been: 0-7; 13-10; 6-7; and 0-13.

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GOOSE-EGGS

CLEMSON, S.C.——In the last ten years Clemson's Tigers have held the opposition scoreless 25 times and been blanked 14 times.

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BAR-SPLITTER

CLEMSON, S.C.——Mavis (Bull) Cagle, Clemson tackle, made good on 20 of 25 attempted extra points last year. He stood third among Clemson's point scorers for 1945.

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TRAVELLERS

CLEMSON, S.C.——Clemson's Tigers play in six states this fall: South Carolina (Presbyterian, W. C. State, S. Carolina, and Furman); North Carolina (Wake Forest); Georgia (U. of Ga.); Virginia (Virginia Tech); Alabama (Auburn) and Louisiana (Tulane).

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